

## Homework 1, PHY 7500, Fall 2008 (due on September 9)

- (extra 1 pnt) Find the probability that out of 20 students at least two have their birthdays at the same day.
- Consider two identical systems with total energy  $E = E_1 + E_2 = \text{const}$  being in a thermal contact. Assume that the number of (micro)states for each of the subsystems has a power law dependence on its energy,  $\Omega_1(E_1) \propto E_1^n$  and  $\Omega_2(E_2) \propto E_2^m$ . Find the mean and the variance of the distribution in  $E_1$ ,  $\langle E_1 \rangle$  and  $\langle (\Delta E_1)^2 \rangle$ ; compare the exact solution to the one using Gaussian approximation for the number of states.
- Volume  $V$  contains  $N$  particles. Assuming no correlation in the location of different particles,
  - calculate the probability  $p(n, v)$  that the region of volume  $v$  contains exactly  $n$  particle.
  - Show that in the limit  $n \ll N$  the distribution assumes the form of Poisson distribution.
  - Further, in the limit  $1 \ll \langle n \rangle \ll N$  the distribution takes a Gaussian form.
  - For all the distributions calculate the mean and the variance.
- (1.9). Making use of the fact that the entropy  $S(N, V, E)$  of a thermodynamic system is an extensive quantity ( $S(\lambda N, \lambda V, \lambda E) = \lambda S(N, V, E)$ ), show that

$$N \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial N} \right)_{V, E} + V \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right)_{E, N} + E \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial E} \right)_{V, N} = S \quad (1)$$

Note that this result implies:  $N\mu = E + PV - TS$ .